# Beamline practice at BL01B1 (XAFS)

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#### 1. Introduction

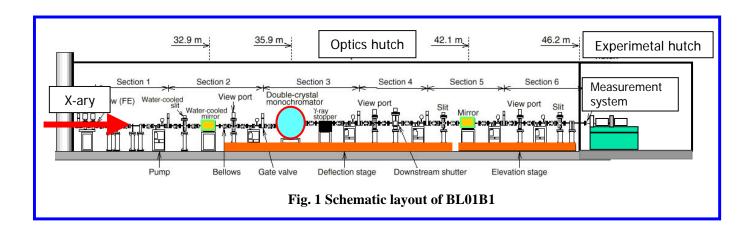
The bending magnet beamline, BL01B1, is used for various applications of XAFS over a wide energy range from 3.8 to 113 keV. In the practical training course, we plan to show how to measure XAFS spectra, which covers alignment of X-ray optics and sample position. We will also demonstrate in-situ time-resolved quick scanning XAFS measurement of catalyst samples under reaction condition.

### 2. Plan of practice

- **9:00-** Introduction of beamline, alignment of optics, measurement system and major scientific activities at BL01B1.
- **10:00** Alignment of the x-ray optics.
- **11:00-** Setup of the measurement system for Quick XAFS in transmission mode.
- **11:30-** X-ray energy calibration using standard sample.
- **12:00-** Introduction of preliminary process of XAFS spectra using software ATHENA.
- **12:30-** ----- Lunch -----
- **13:30-** Introduction of in-situ XAFS experiment and sample preparation.
- **14:00-** Setup of in-situ XAFS experiment system.
- **15:00-** Measurement of in-situ XAFS spectra of catalysts during reduction and oxidation process. During the measurement, data treatment and preliminary analysis of XAFS spectra.
- **17:00** Close.

### 3. Alignment of x-ray optics and experimental stage

- Figure 1 shows schematic layout of BL01B1.
- Main operation in alignment of x-ray optics is follows.
  - ➤ Switch of diffraction plane of monochromator crystals between Si(111), Si(311) and Si(511) to cover energy range for XAFS measurements.
  - ➤ Change of glancing angle of mirror to remove higher-harmonic x-rays.
- Above operation slightly changes beam height downstream of monochromator.
- Fine adjustment of slits and mirrors in the optics hutch is done by measuring x-ray intensity using 1st ionization chamber in the experimental hutch (Fig. 2).
- The height of experimental stage in the experimental hutch is adjusted to x-ray beam by scanning in vertical direction.
- Fixed beam condition is achieved by adjusting the rotation angle of 1st crystal of monochromator around beam axis to 2nd crystal.
- The control program for operation of x-ray optics realizes following x-ray beam.
  - $\triangleright$  Quite low contamination (<10<sup>-5</sup>) of higher harmonics.
  - ➤ Fixed beam position during XAFS scans passing through the center of slits in the experimental hutch.
  - Focused beam in vertical direction (0.1-0.2 mm).
- In the BL practice, the participants will align the optics following the manual upped on the WEB site, <a href="http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/BL01B1opticsmanEng040213.html">http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/BL01B1opticsmanEng040213.html</a>.

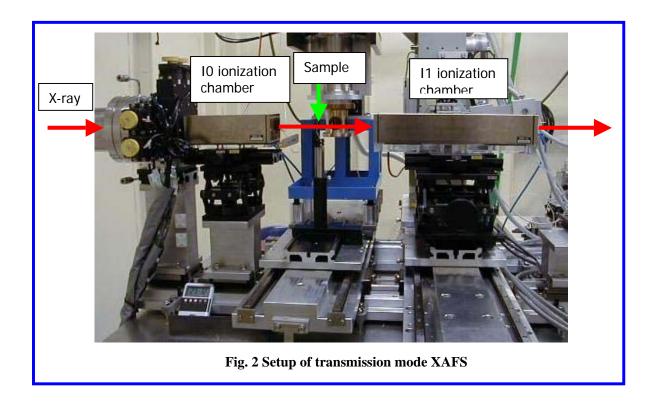


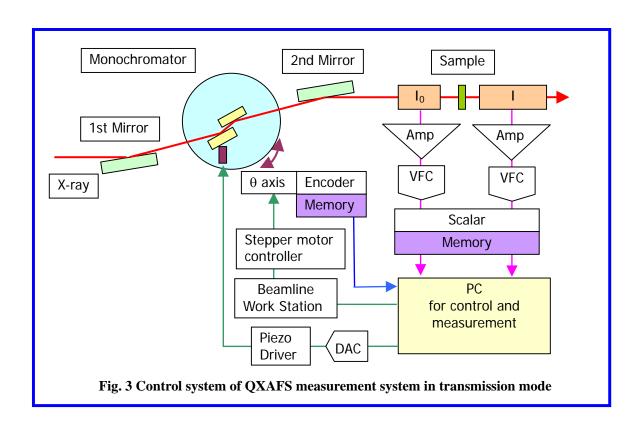
#### 4. Quick XAFS measurement in transmission mode

- Quick XAFS measurement is realized by data storage of x-ray detector output signals and Bragg angles of monochromator in each memory board during continuous scanning.
- The arrangement and control system for transmission mode Quick XAFS measurements are shown in Figs. 2 and 3.
- Setup the ionization chambers.
  - > Select and flow adequate gases for ionization chamber.
  - ➤ Gases are selected to have the following absorption ratio of incident x-rays; 10-30 % for I0 chamber and 70-90 % for I chamber, respectively.
  - ➤ Gases are listed in the WEB site, <a href="http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI0.html">http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI1.html</a>. and <a href="http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI1.html">http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI1.html</a>.
- Setup of measurement system
  - > Set the beam size incident on the sample by slit opening.
  - > Set the gain of current amplifiers (Amp) for each ionization chamber.
- Operation of program of Quick XAFS measurement
  - > Set the following parameters in the operation program
    - ♦ Energy range and step for a XAFS spectrum
    - ♦ Total measurement time for a XAFS spectrum.

## 5. Preliminary process of XAFS spectra using software ATHENA

- The row data of Quick XAFS spectra are processed to the ATHENA-readable data format.
- ATHENA processes the measured XAFS spectra, such as background removal and Fourier transforms.
  - ➤ ATHENA is one of most popular free software for processing XAFS data. http://cars9.uchicago.edu/~ravel/software/
  - ➤ Model fitting of XAFS data is done by another software ARTEMIS including interfaces to ATOMS and FEFF.





# 6. Measurement of in-situ XAFS spectra in transmission mode

## 6.1 Sample preparation

- The sample for XAFS measurement is form into thin disks of 7 mm diameter by press machine with very weak pressing force.
- Put adequate number of disk samples (around 20) into sample holder to achieve edge jump absorbance around 1.



Fig. 4 Mount of disk sample into inner holder of sample cell

# 6.2 Setup of in-situ XAFS equipments

• Experimental condition in this in-situ measurement

➤ Sample: Pd/USY catalyst

➤ Measurement energy: around Pd K-edge (24.3 keV)

> Sample temperature: room temperature

➤ Reaction gases: H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, He and their mixture

• Set the sample cell including disk samples.

• Connect Q-mass to outlet of sample cell to monitor the concentration of each outlet gas.

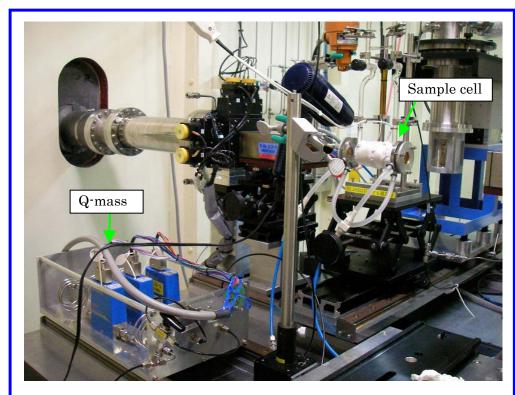


Fig. 5 Setup of in-situ XAFS equipments

### 6.3 In-stu XAFS measurement of catalyst during reduction and oxidation process

- XAFS measurement of catalyst in initial state.
  - ➤ Flow 100%-He 90 ccm into sample cell.
  - ➤ Measure Quick XAFS spectra in transmission mode.
  - ➤ The measurement time of each XAFS spectra during this experiment is about 30 s.
- XAFS measurement of sample during reduction process.
  - Flow 8%-H<sub>2</sub>/He 90 ccm (H<sub>2</sub>: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 15-20 min.
  - ➤ Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - > Check change of Fourier transform-XAFS spectra during reduction process using ATHENA.
  - $\triangleright$  Stop 8%-H<sub>2</sub>/He flow.
  - Flow 100%-He for 10-15 min until no residual H<sub>2</sub> in sample cell (checking by Q-mass).
  - > Measure Quick XAFS spectra.
- XAFS measurement of sample during oxidation process.
  - Flow 8%-O<sub>2</sub>/He 90 ccm (O<sub>2</sub>: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 5-10 min.
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - $\triangleright$  Stop 8%-O<sub>2</sub>/He flow.
  - ➤ Flow 100%-He for 10-15 min until no residual O₂ in sample cell (checking by Q-mass).
  - ➤ Measure Quick XAFS spectra.
- XAFS measurement of sample during reduction process in second cycle.
  - Flow 8%-H<sub>2</sub>/He 90 ccm (H<sub>2</sub>: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 15-20 min.
  - ➤ Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - $\triangleright$  Stop 8%-H<sub>2</sub>/He flow.
  - > Check the sample color.