**Beamline practice at BL01B1 (XAFS)**


1. **Introduction**

   The bending magnet beamline, BL01B1, is used for various applications of XAFS over a wide energy range from 3.8 to 113 keV. In the practical training course, we plan to show how to measure XAFS spectra, which covers alignment of X-ray optics and sample position. We will also demonstrate in-situ time-resolved quick scanning XAFS measurement of catalyst samples under reaction condition.

2. **Plan of practice**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Activity</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00-</td>
<td>Introduction of beamline, alignment of optics, measurement system and major scientific activities at BL01B1.</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:00-</td>
<td>Alignment of the x-ray optics.</td>
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<tr>
<td>11:00-</td>
<td>Setup of the measurement system for Quick XAFS in transmission mode.</td>
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<tr>
<td>11:30-</td>
<td>X-ray energy calibration using standard sample.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00-</td>
<td>Introduction of preliminary process of XAFS spectra using software ATHENA.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:30-</td>
<td>Lunch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14:00-</td>
<td>Setup of in-situ XAFS experiment system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15:00-</td>
<td>Measurement of in-situ XAFS spectra of catalysts during reduction and oxidation process. During the measurement, data treatment and preliminary analysis of XAFS spectra.</td>
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<tr>
<td>17:00</td>
<td>Close.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Alignment of x-ray optics and experimental stage

- Figure 1 shows schematic layout of BL01B1.
- Main operation in alignment of x-ray optics is follows.
  - Switch of diffraction plane of monochromator crystals between Si(111), Si(311) and Si(511) to cover energy range for XAFS measurements.
  - Change of glancing angle of mirror to remove higher-harmonic x-rays.
- Above operation slightly changes beam height downstream of monochromator.
- Fine adjustment of slits and mirrors in the optics hutch is done by measuring x-ray intensity using 1st ionization chamber in the experimental hutch (Fig. 2).
- The height of experimental stage in the experimental hutch is adjusted to x-ray beam by scanning in vertical direction.
- Fixed beam condition is achieved by adjusting the rotation angle of 1st crystal of monochromator around beam axis to 2nd crystal.
- The control program for operation of x-ray optics realizes following x-ray beam.
  - Quite low contamination (<10⁻⁵) of higher harmonics.
  - Fixed beam position during XAFS scans passing through the center of slits in the experimental hutch.
  - Focused beam in vertical direction (0.1-0.2 mm).
- In the BL practice, the participants will align the optics following the manual upped on the WEB site, [http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/BL01B1opticsmanEng040213.html](http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/BL01B1opticsmanEng040213.html).
4. Quick XAFS measurement in transmission mode

- Quick XAFS measurement is realized by data storage of x-ray detector output signals and Bragg angles of monochromator in each memory board during continuous scanning.
- The arrangement and control system for transmission mode Quick XAFS measurements are shown in Figs. 2 and 3.
- Setup the ionization chambers.
  - Select and flow adequate gases for ionization chamber.
  - Gases are selected to have the following absorption ratio of incident x-rays; 10-30 % for I0 chamber and 70-90 % for I chamber, respectively.
  - Gases are listed in the WEB site, http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI0.html and http://bl01b1.spring8.or.jp/RatioI1.html.
- Setup of measurement system
  - Set the beam size incident on the sample by slit opening.
  - Set the gain of current amplifiers (Amp) for each ionization chamber.
- Operation of program of Quick XAFS measurement
  - Set the following parameters in the operation program
    - Energy range and step for a XAFS spectrum
    - Total measurement time for a XAFS spectrum.

5. Preliminary process of XAFS spectra using software ATHENA

- The row data of Quick XAFS spectra are processed to the ATHENA-readable data format.
- ATHENA processes the measured XAFS spectra, such as background removal and Fourier transforms.
  - ATHENA is one of most popular free software for processing XAFS data.
    - http://cars9.uchicago.edu/~ravel/software/
  - Model fitting of XAFS data is done by another software ARTEMIS including interfaces to ATOMS and FEFF.
Fig. 2 Setup of transmission mode XAFS

Fig. 3 Control system of QXAFS measurement system in transmission mode
6. Measurement of in-situ XAFS spectra in transmission mode

6.1 Sample preparation

- The sample for XAFS measurement is form into thin disks of 7 mm diameter by press machine with very weak pressing force.
- Put adequate number of disk samples (around 20) into sample holder to achieve edge jump absorbance around 1.

![Fig. 4 Mount of disk sample into inner holder of sample cell](image)
6.2 Setup of in-situ XAFS equipments

- Experimental condition in this in-situ measurement
  - Sample: Pd/USY catalyst
  - Measurement energy: around Pd K-edge (24.3 keV)
  - Sample temperature: room temperature
  - Reaction gases: H₂, O₂, He and their mixture
- Set the sample cell including disk samples.
- Connect Q-mass to outlet of sample cell to monitor the concentration of each outlet gas.

Fig. 5 Setup of in-situ XAFS equipments
6.3 In-situ XAFS measurement of catalyst during reduction and oxidation process

- XAFS measurement of catalyst in initial state.
  - Flow 100%-He 90 ccm into sample cell.
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra in transmission mode.
  - The measurement time of each XAFS spectra during this experiment is about 30 s.

- XAFS measurement of sample during reduction process.
  - Flow 8%-H₂/He 90 ccm (H₂: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 15-20 min.
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - Check change of Fourier transform-XAFS spectra during reduction process using ATHENA.
  - Stop 8%-H₂/He flow.
  - Flow 100%-He for 10-15 min until no residual H₂ in sample cell (checking by Q-mass).
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra.

- XAFS measurement of sample during oxidation process.
  - Flow 8%-O₂/He 90 ccm (O₂: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 5-10 min.
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - Stop 8%-O₂/He flow.
  - Flow 100%-He for 10-15 min until no residual O₂ in sample cell (checking by Q-mass).
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra.

- XAFS measurement of sample during reduction process in second cycle.
  - Flow 8%-H₂/He 90 ccm (H₂: 7ccm, He: 83 ccm) into sample cell for 15-20 min.
  - Measure Quick XAFS spectra every 30 s during gas flow.
  - Stop 8%-H₂/He flow.
  - Check the sample color.